

PARTICLE RATIOS AT HIGH- p_T AT LHC ENERGIES

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Heavy ion Collisions at the LHC – Last Call for Predictions

CERN TH Dept. – Geneva

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OUTLINE

'OLD': Predictions for pp and dA (since QM'06)

- Relevance of intrinsic- k_T in pp at LHC
- Spectra in pp based on KKP and AKK FFs
- Prediction based on KKP for pp and dA at LHC

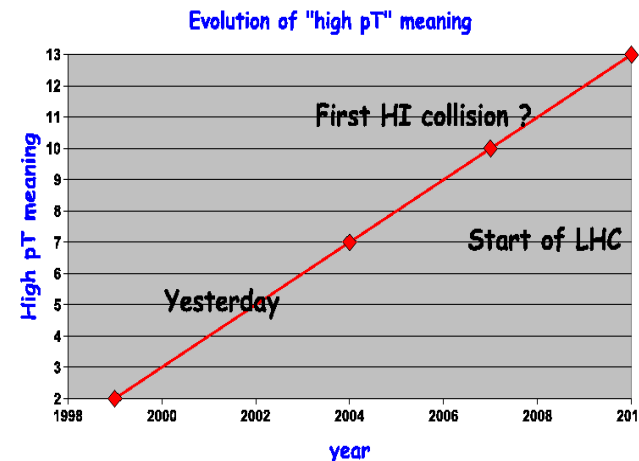
'NEW': Ratios in pp , dA and AA beyond RHIC

- KKP ratios vs. AKK ratios
- Intrinsic- k_T : modifications for π^\pm/K^\pm
- Jet-Quenching: differences in suppression pattern of π^\pm/K^\pm

MOTIVATION

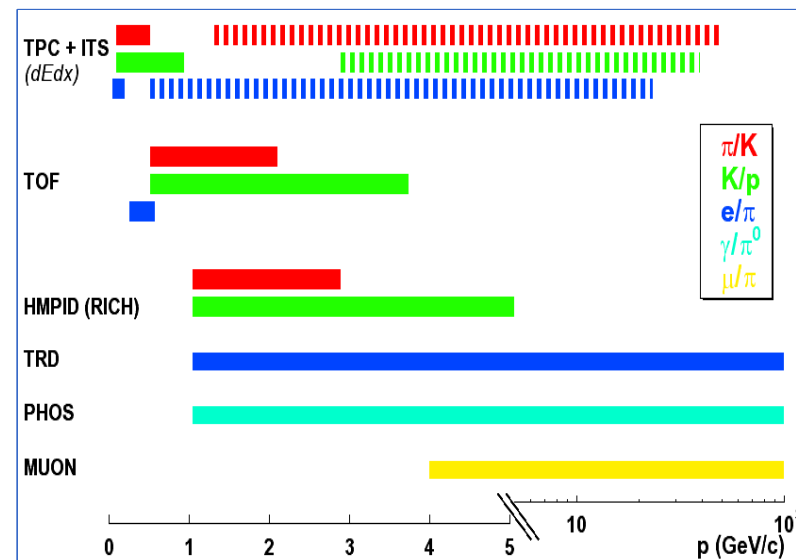
Time evolution of high- p_T

- Linear extrapolation from 2004:
Meaning of "high- p_T " has
changed for last 10 years.



HMPID in the ALICE

- ALICE has a unique capability
for high- p_T PID: π/K and K/p
up to 3 and 5 GeV/c respectively.



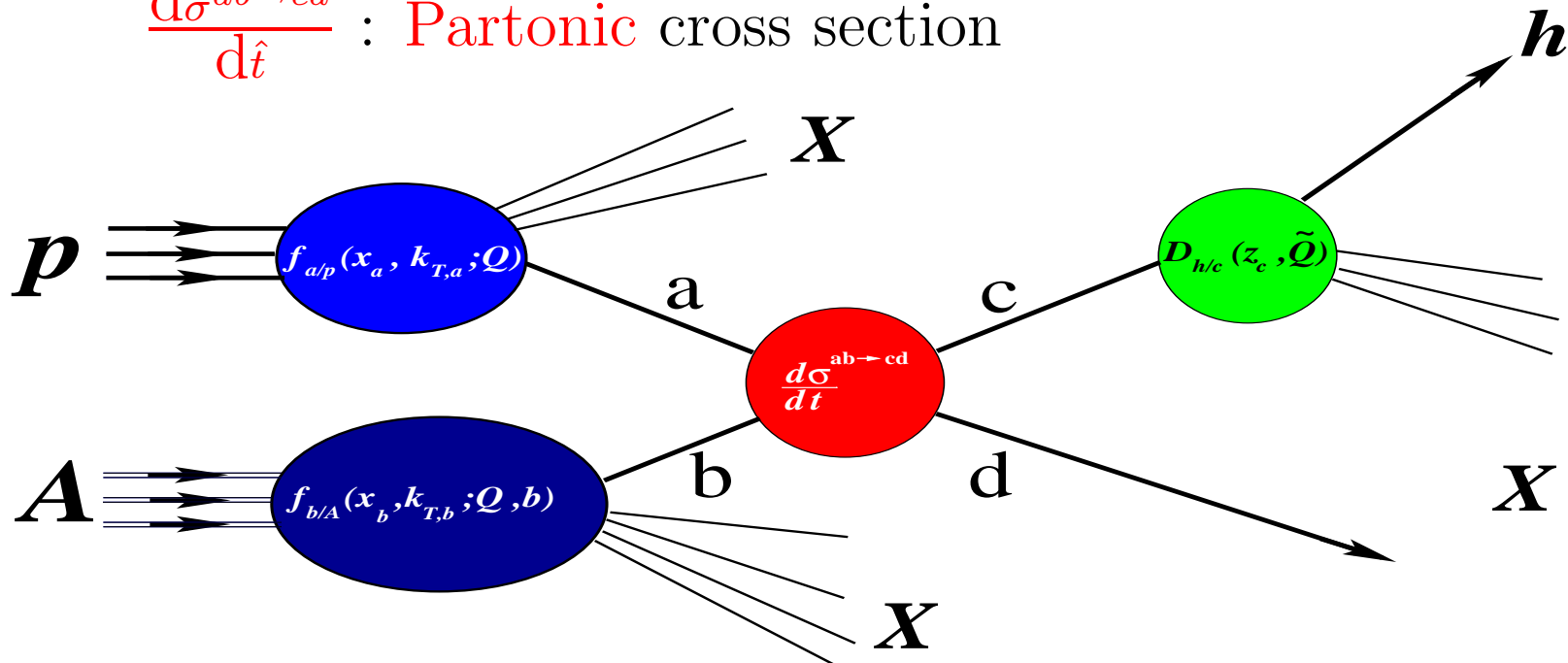
The pQCD Improved Parton Model for pp Collisions

$$E_\pi \frac{d\sigma_\pi^{pA}}{d^3p_\pi} \sim f_{a/p}(x_a, Q^2; k_T) \otimes f_{b/A}(x_b, Q^2; k_T, b) \otimes \frac{d\sigma^{ab \rightarrow cd}}{d\hat{t}} \otimes \frac{D_{\pi/c}(z_c, \hat{Q}^2)}{\pi z_c^2}.$$

$f_{b/A}(x_a, Q^2; k_T, b)$: Parton Dist. Function (PDF), at scale Q^2

$D_{\pi/c}(z_c, \hat{Q}^2)$: Fragmentation Function for π (FF), at scale \hat{Q}^2

$\frac{d\sigma^{ab \rightarrow cd}}{d\hat{t}}$: Partonic cross section



Longitudinal 1-Dimensional PDFs and FFs

(a) Parton Distribution Functions (PDF) :

(LO case) GRV – Glück, Reya, Vogt

HKM and HKN – Hirai et al.

(NLO case) MRST-(c-g) – A.D. Martin et al.

CTEQ5M – H. L. Lai et al.

HKM and HKN – Hirai et al.

(b) Fragmentation Functions (FF) :

BKK – Binnewies, Kniehl, Kramer (v1, v2)

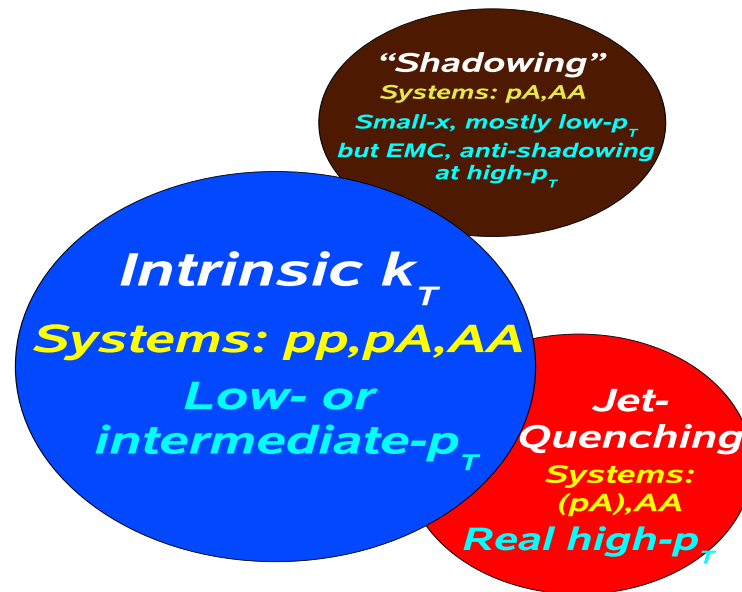
KKP – Kniehl, Kramer, Pötter.

AKK – Albino, Kniehl, Kramer, Pötter.

More: Kretzer, FGS, etc ...

(Nuclear) Effects in Our Model at:

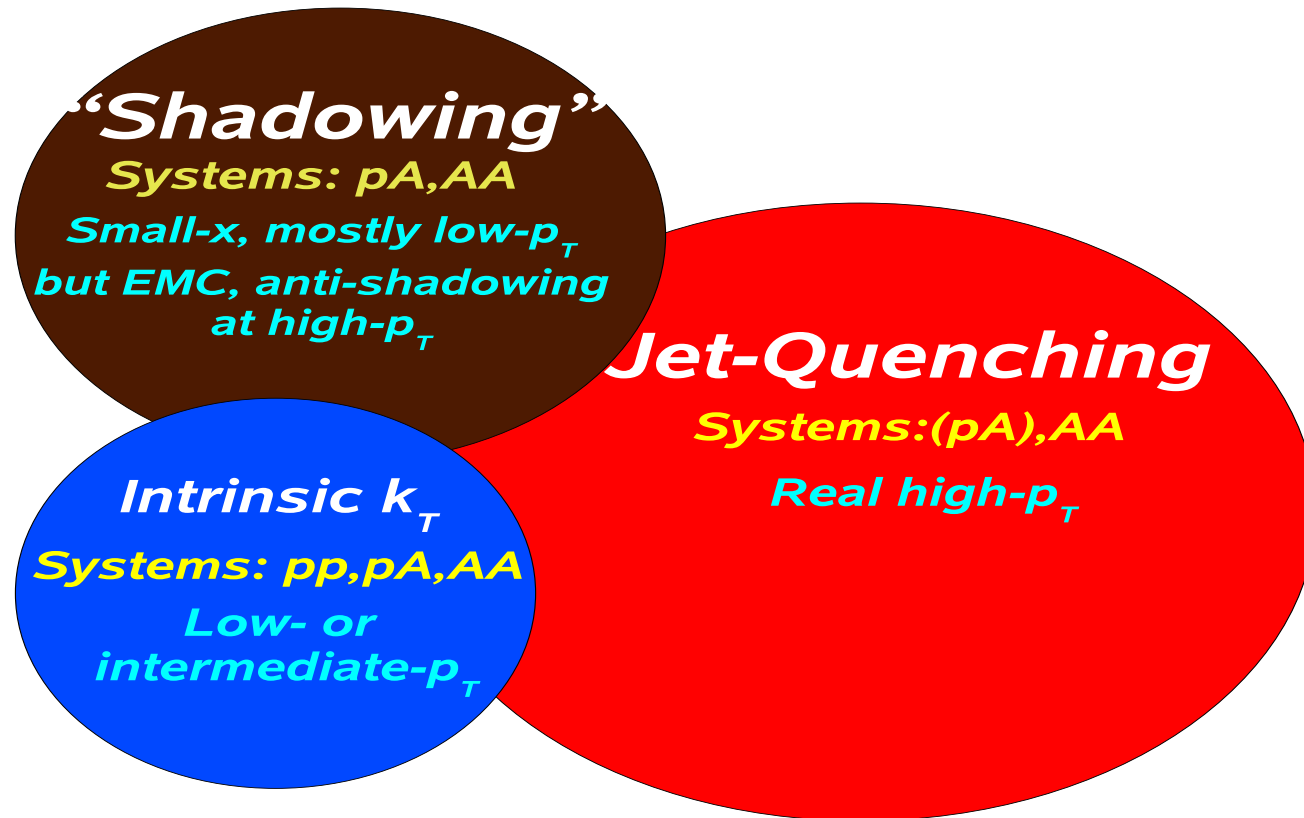
CERN SPS ENERGIES



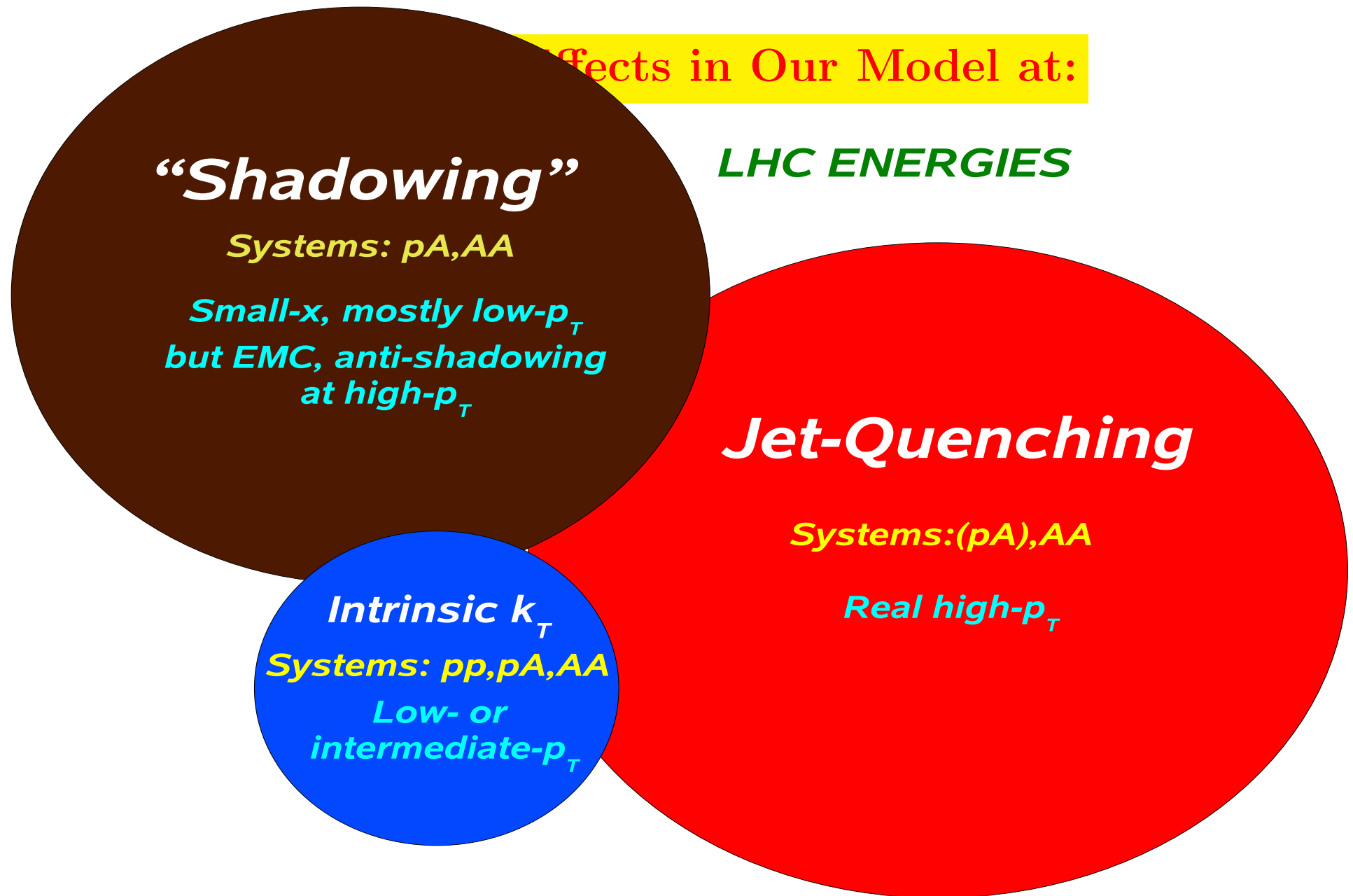
Old and new data from Fermilab, WA98, NA49 ...

(Nuclear) Effects in Our Model at:

RHIC ENERGIES

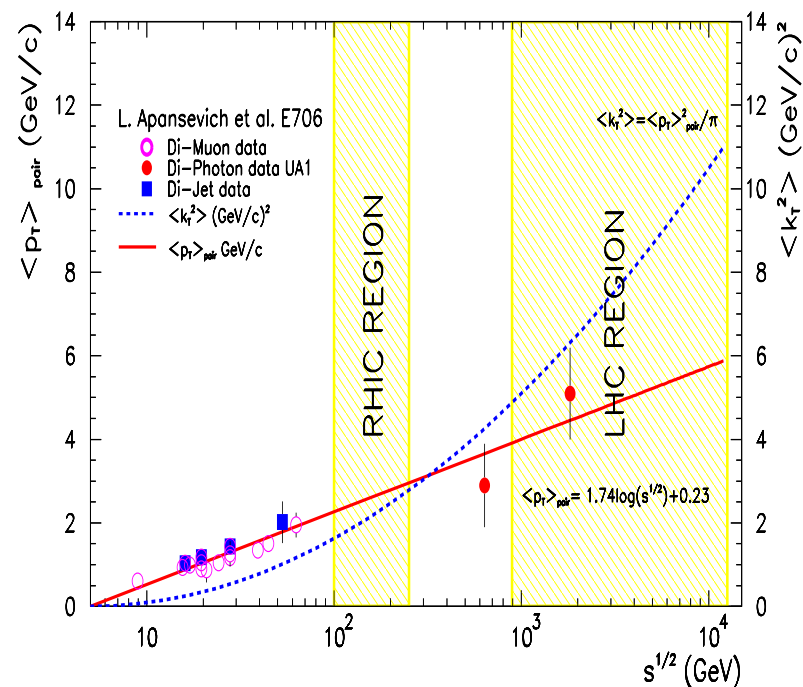
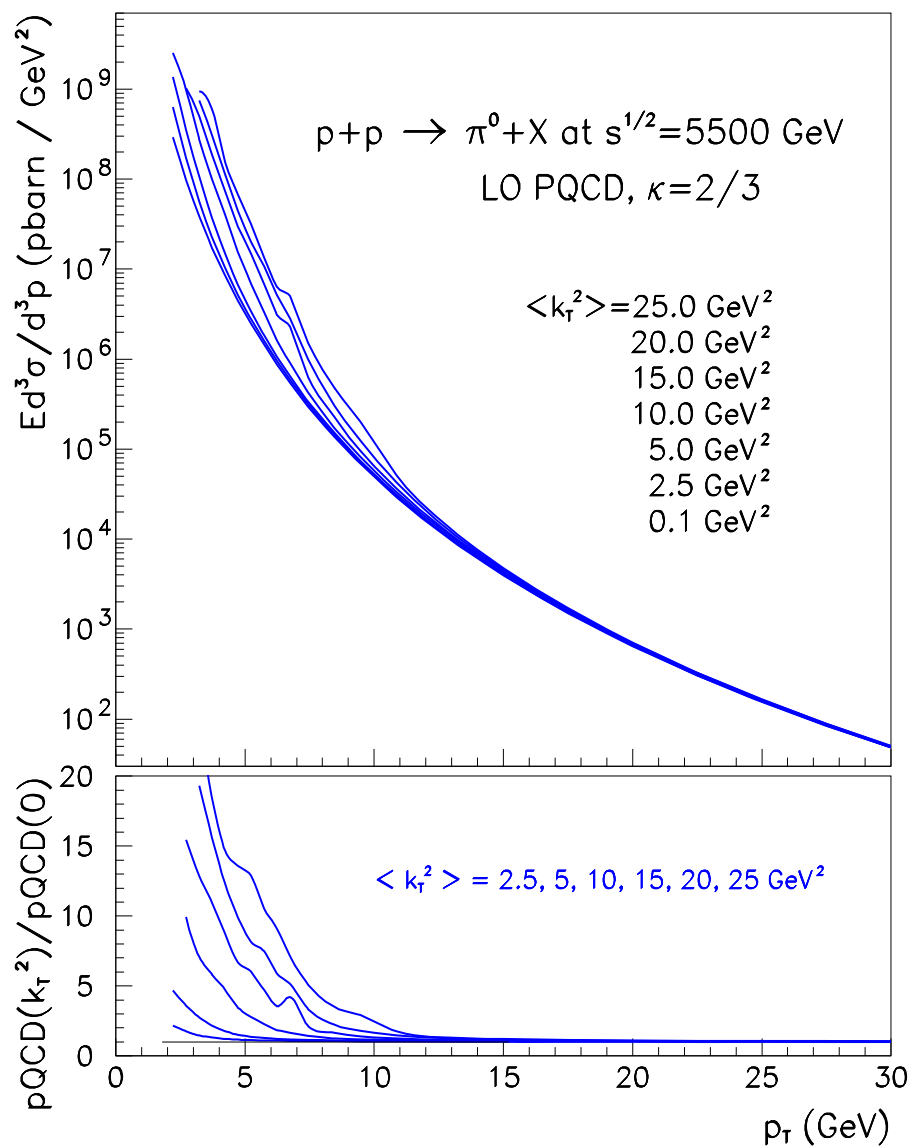


... high precision data by RHIC experiments ...



...and predictions for LHC energies!

Relevance of intrinsic- k_T in pp at LHC

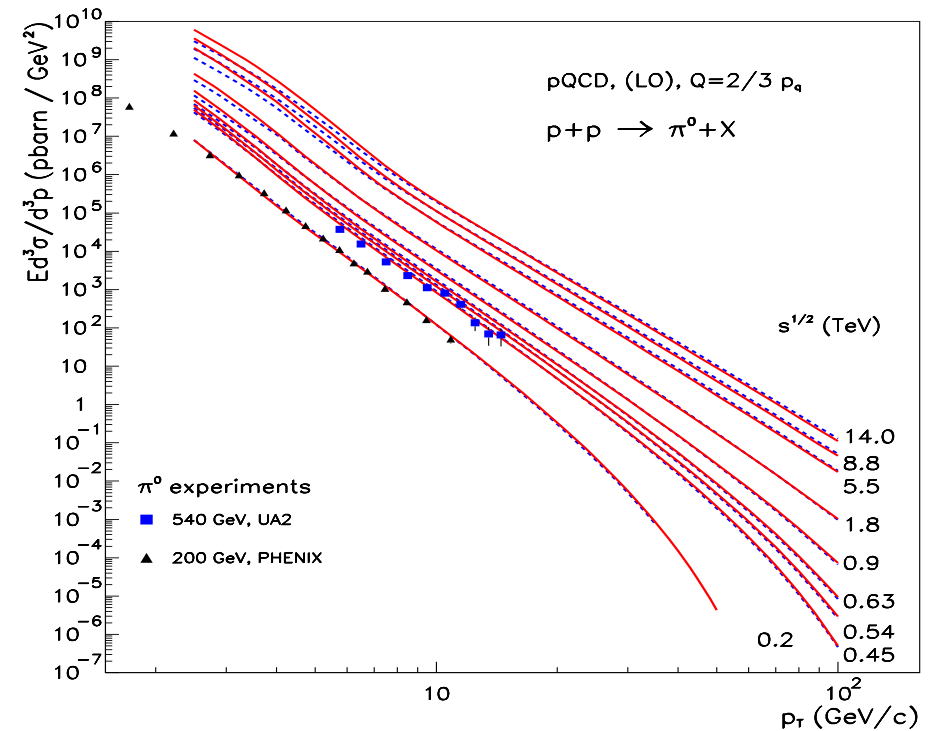
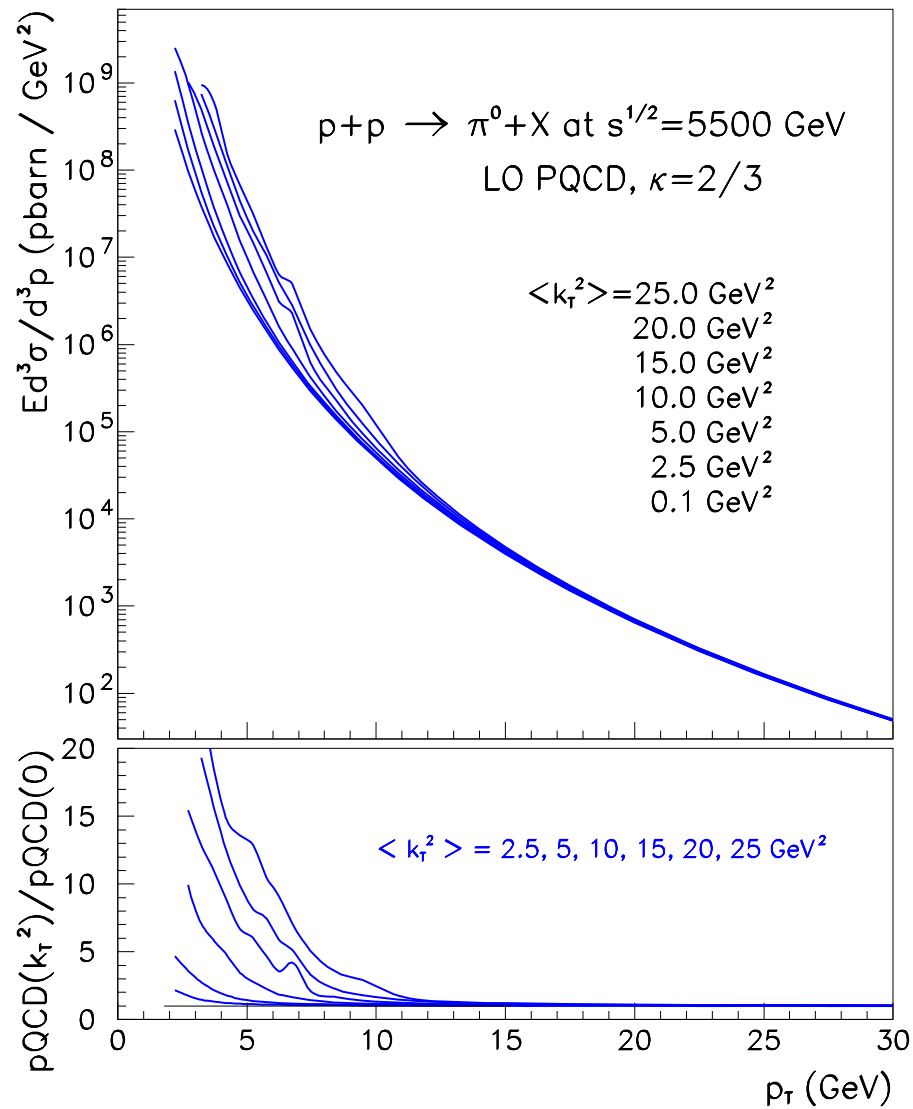


Experimental measurements on
 $\langle p_T \rangle_{pair}$ dependence on \sqrt{s}

L. Apanasevich et al. E706

Effect of $\langle k_T^2 \rangle$ can be seen in high- p_T hadron spectra at LHC

π production in pp collisions at different energies

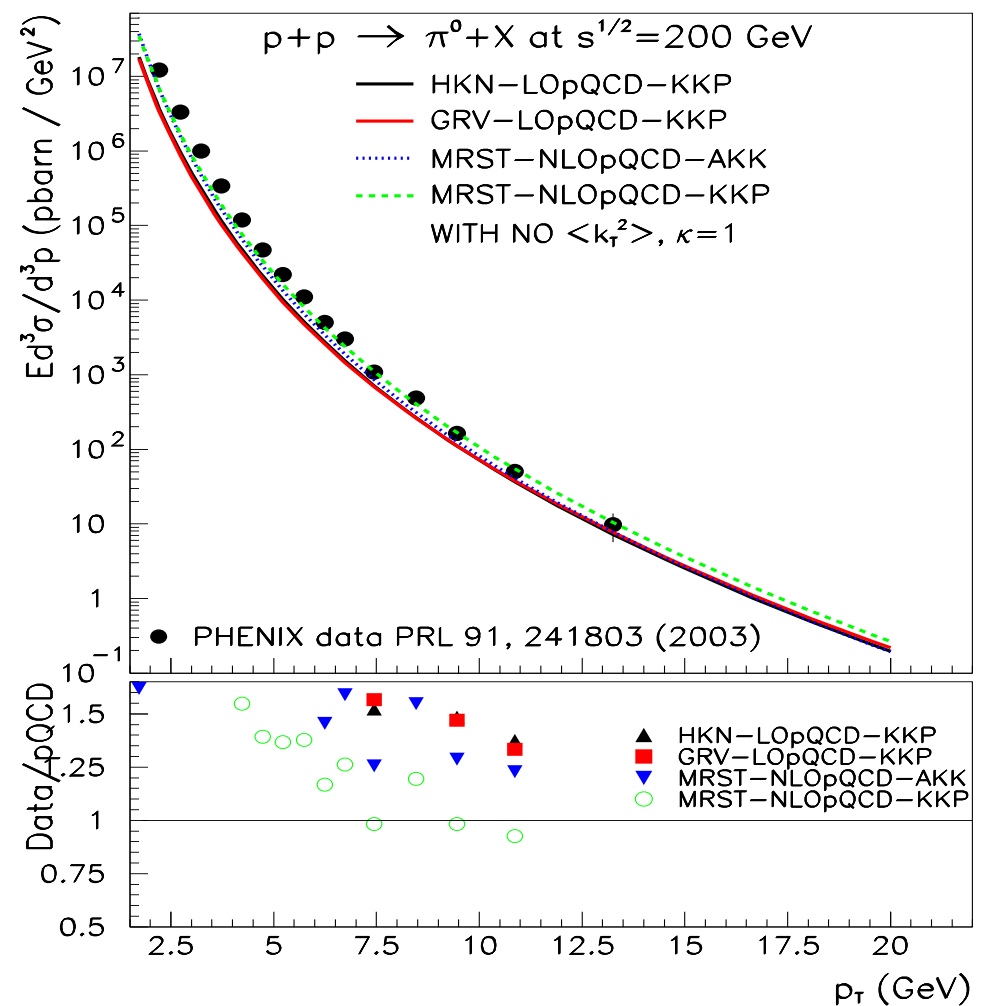
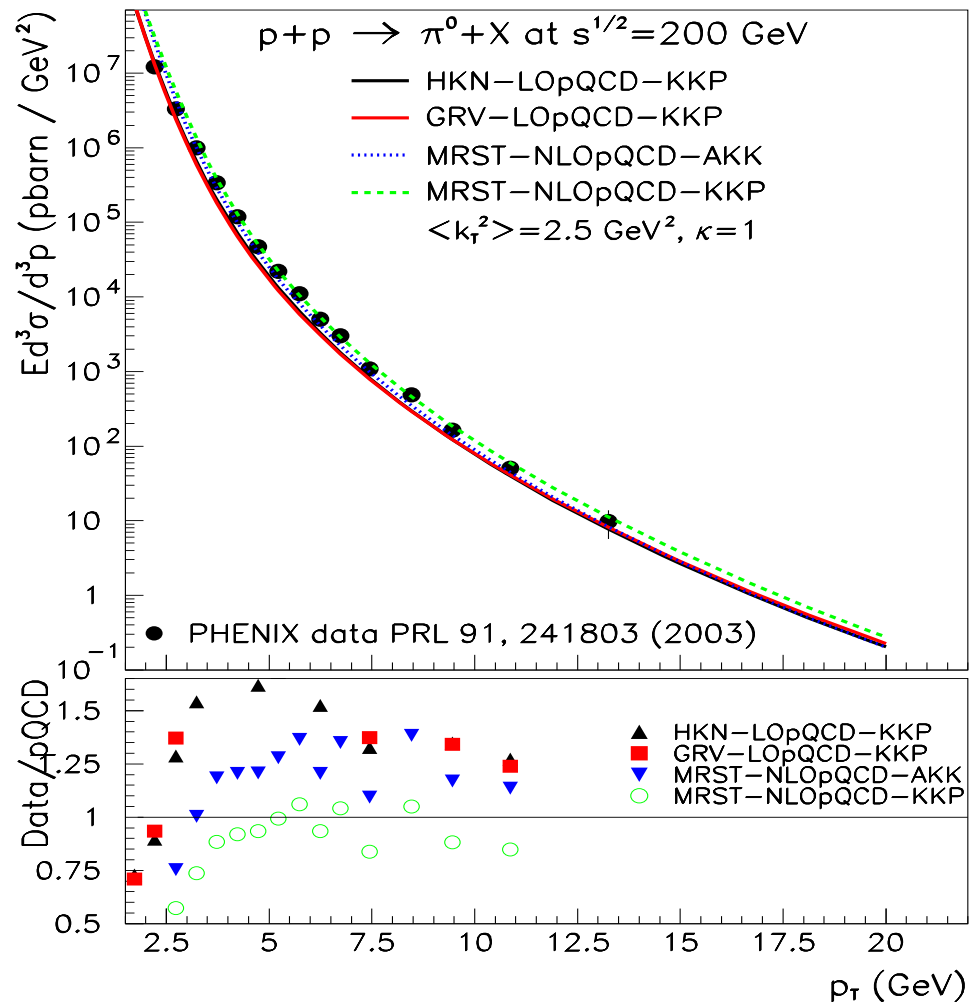


Can we see this modification in low-, and intermediate- p_T at LHC?

⇐ non-exponential spectra

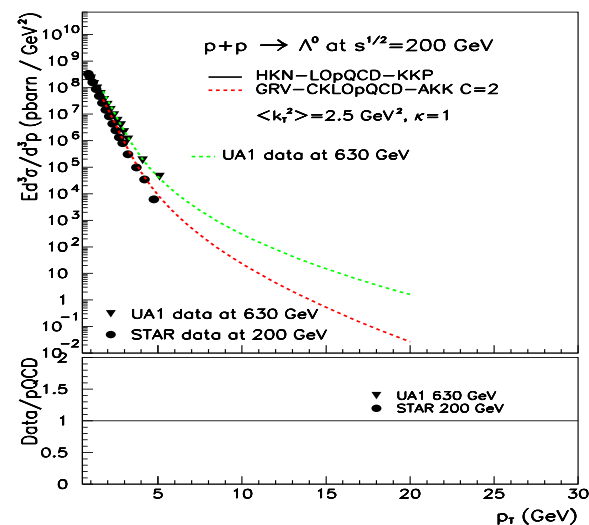
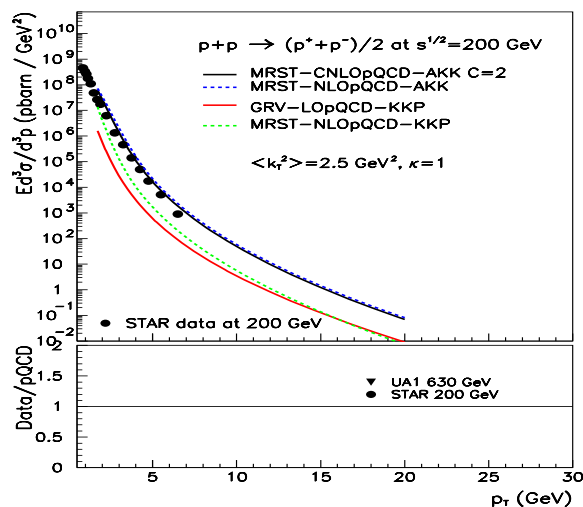
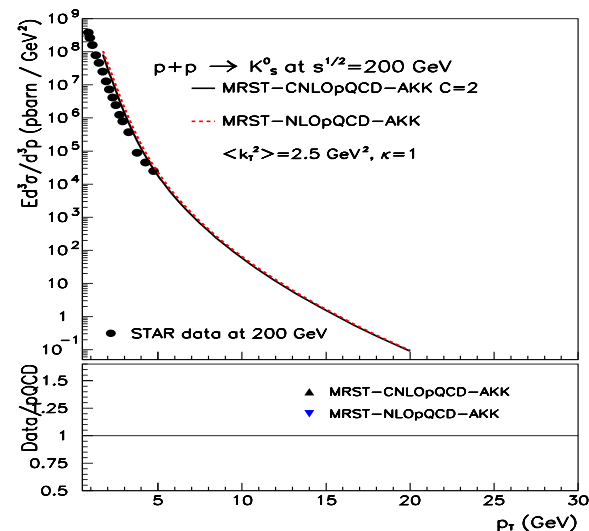
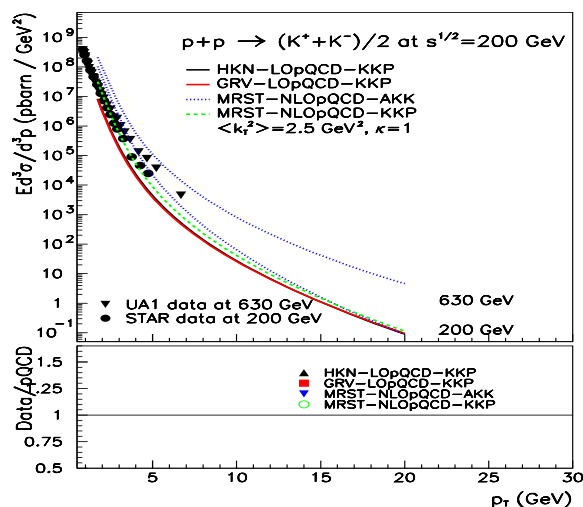
See: Phys. Rev C65 034903 (2002), and QM '07 Proc. hep-ph/0703059

π^0 production in pp collisions



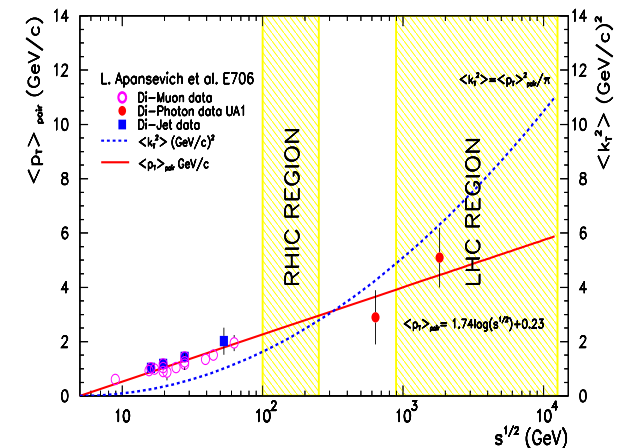
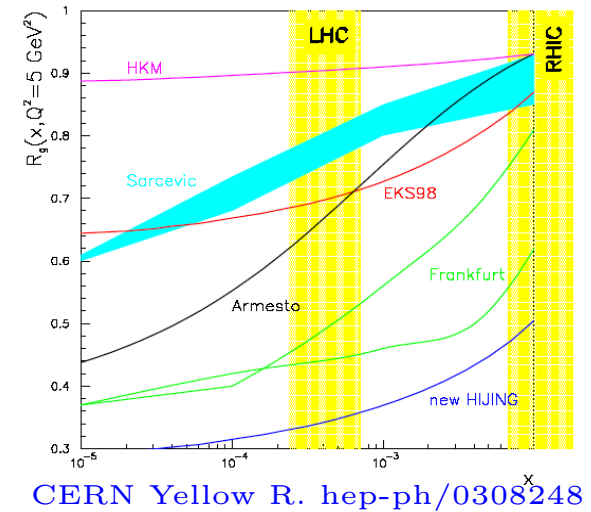
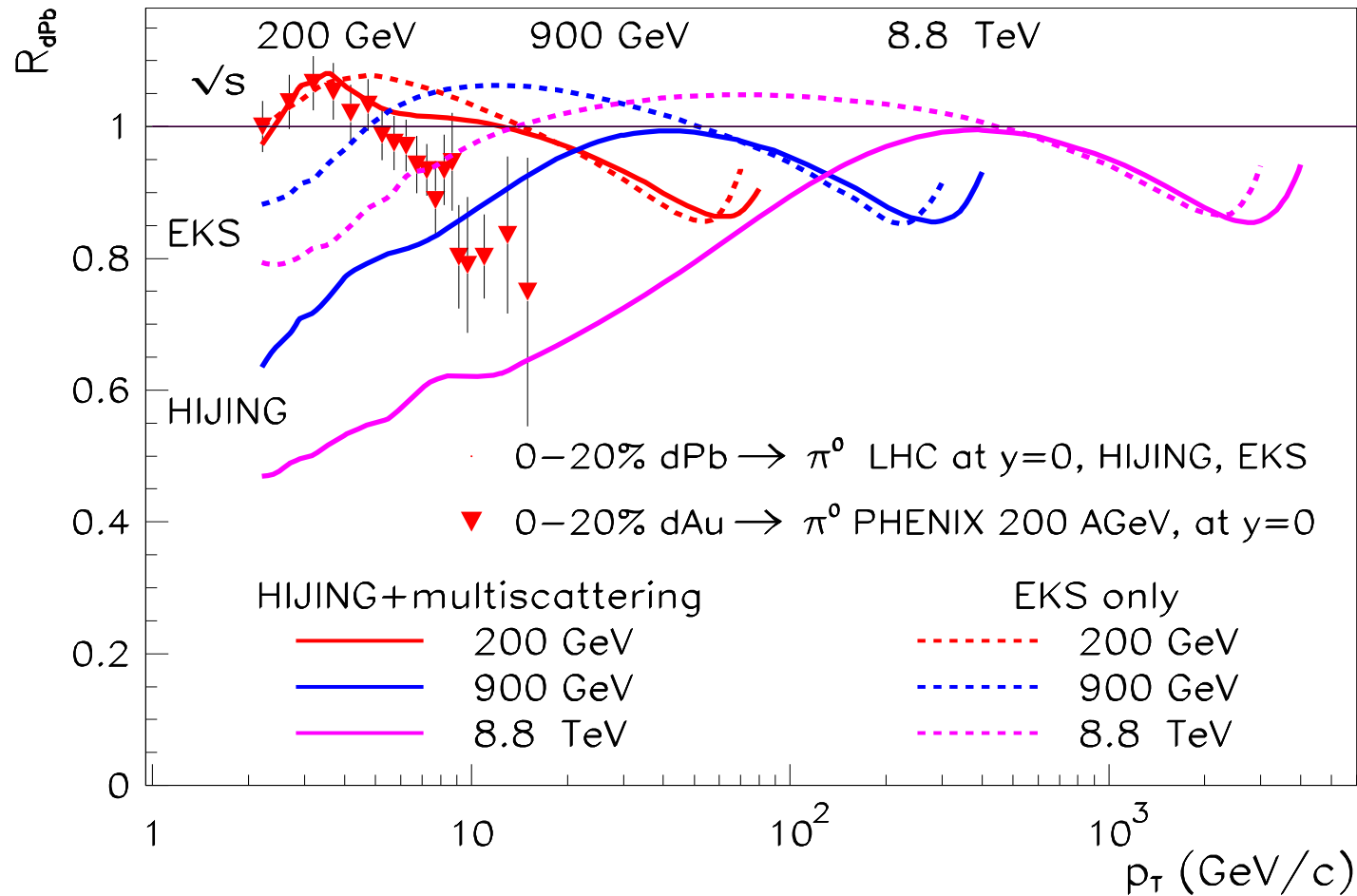
... and NOW for other hadron spectra in pp ...

K , K_s^0 , Λ and p production in pp collisions



... Data/Theory coming soon ...

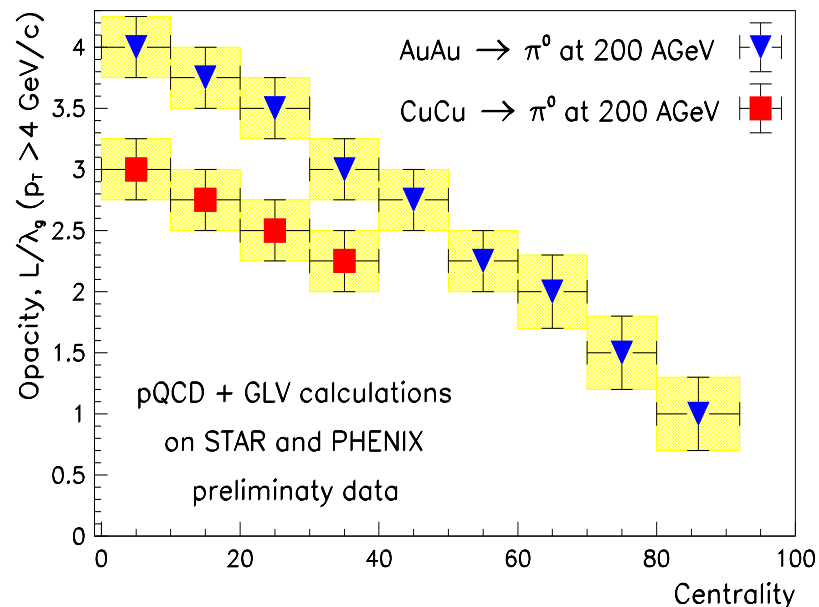
R_{dPb} at in dPb Collision at different energies beyond RHIC



Two main initial state effects:

Suppression can be strong at high- p_T at the LHC energies.
 Cronin peak is slightly moving towards higher- p_T values.

Opacity Prediction for $PbPb$ collisions at LHC

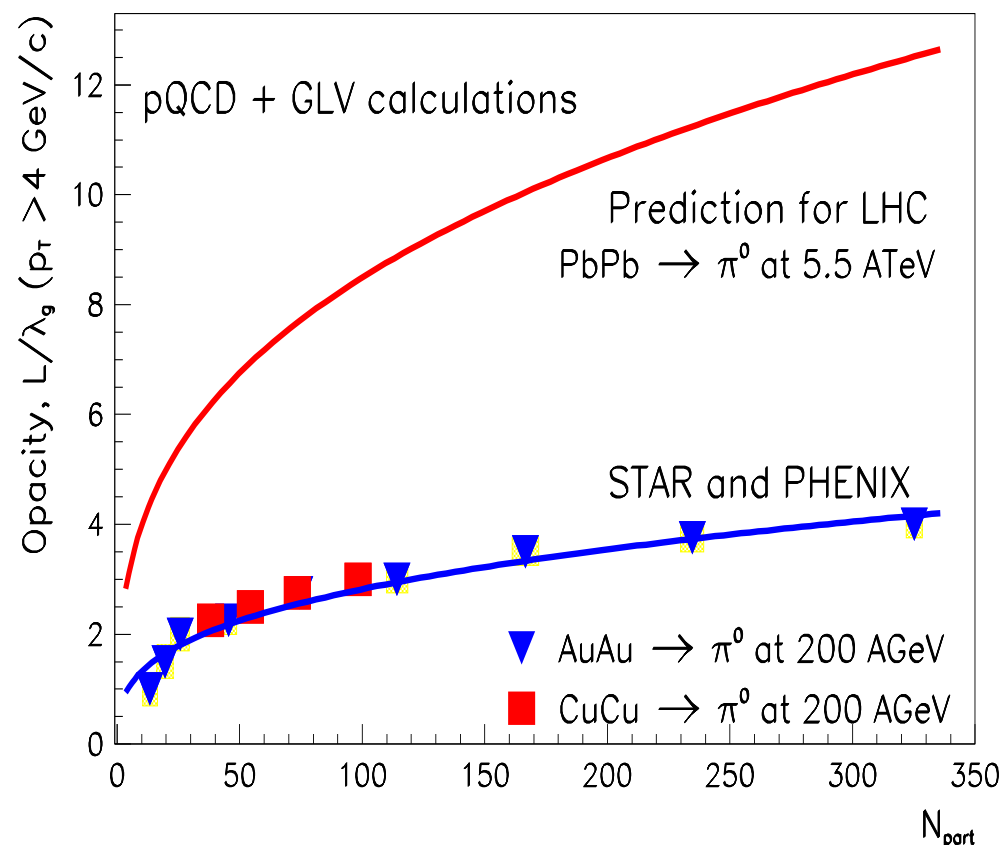


$$L \propto A^{1/3} \propto N_{part}^{1/3}$$

$$\varepsilon = \Delta E/E \propto L^2 \propto N_{part}^{2/3}$$

L/λ will NOT disappear in very peripheral collisions \Rightarrow

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN?

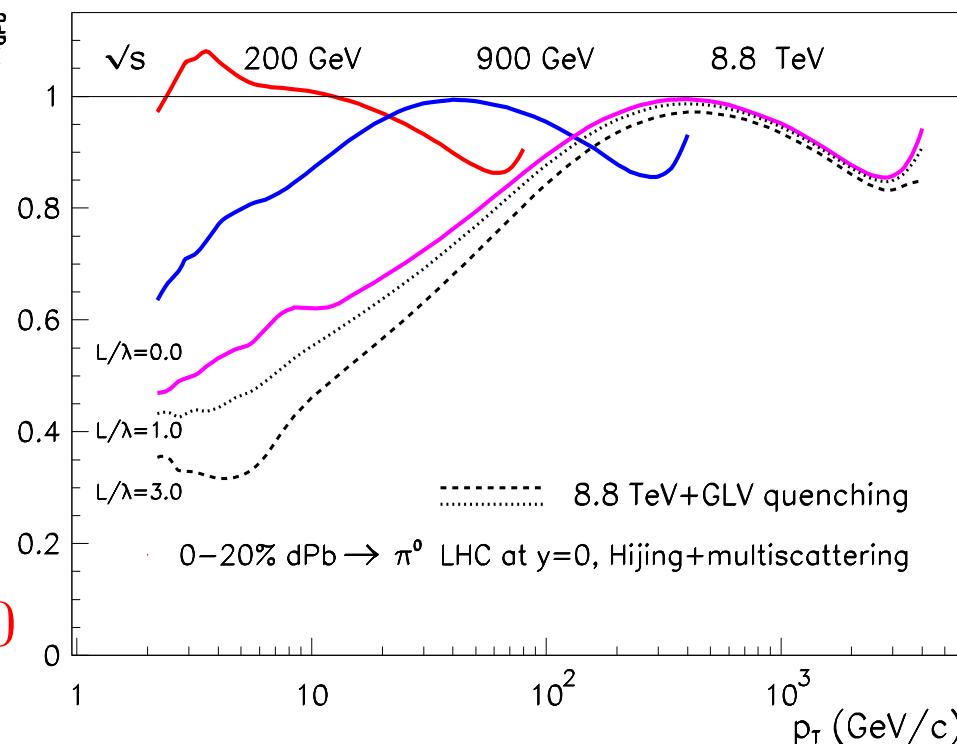


More Suppression at LHC ?

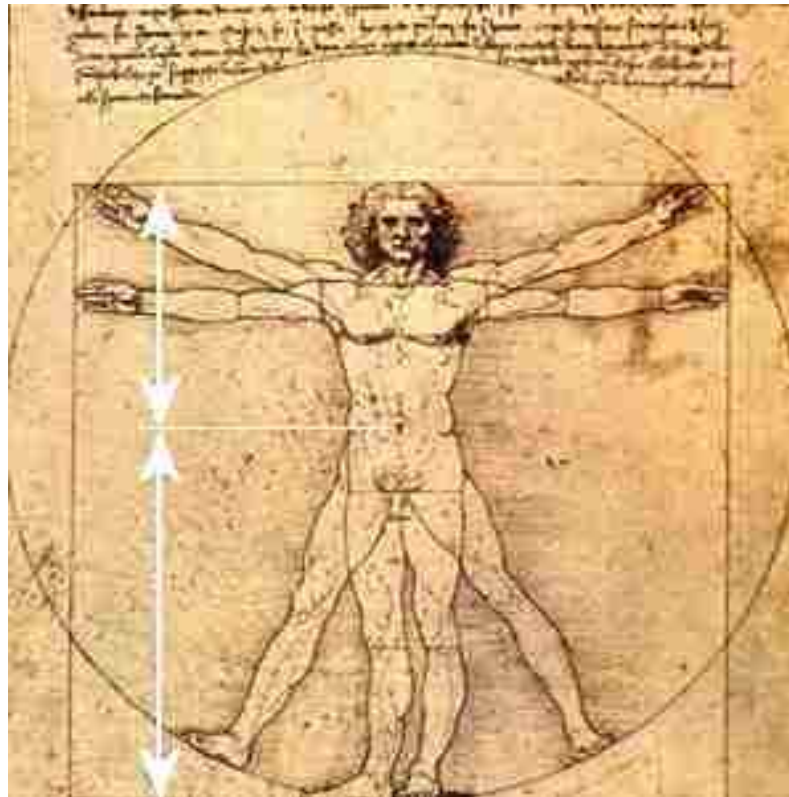
C.M. Energy dependence of GLV jet energy loss

$$\Delta E_{GLV} \approx \frac{C_R \alpha_s}{N(E)} \frac{L^2 \mu^2}{\lambda_g} \log \frac{E}{\mu} = \frac{C_R \alpha_s}{N(E)} \frac{1}{A_\perp} \frac{dN}{dy} \langle L \rangle \log \frac{E}{\langle \mu \rangle}$$

- $AuAu$ at RHIC $\frac{1}{A_\perp} \frac{dN}{dy} \approx \frac{680}{\pi R_{AuAu}^2} = 5.1 \text{ R}^{d_{Pb}}$
- dAu at RHIC $\frac{1}{A_\perp} \frac{dN}{dy} \approx \frac{18}{\pi R_{dAu}^2} = 2.54$
- Without suppression $\frac{dN}{dy} \sim \ln \sqrt{s}$
- At LHC this $\frac{dN}{dy}$ will be $\sim 1500 - 2000$

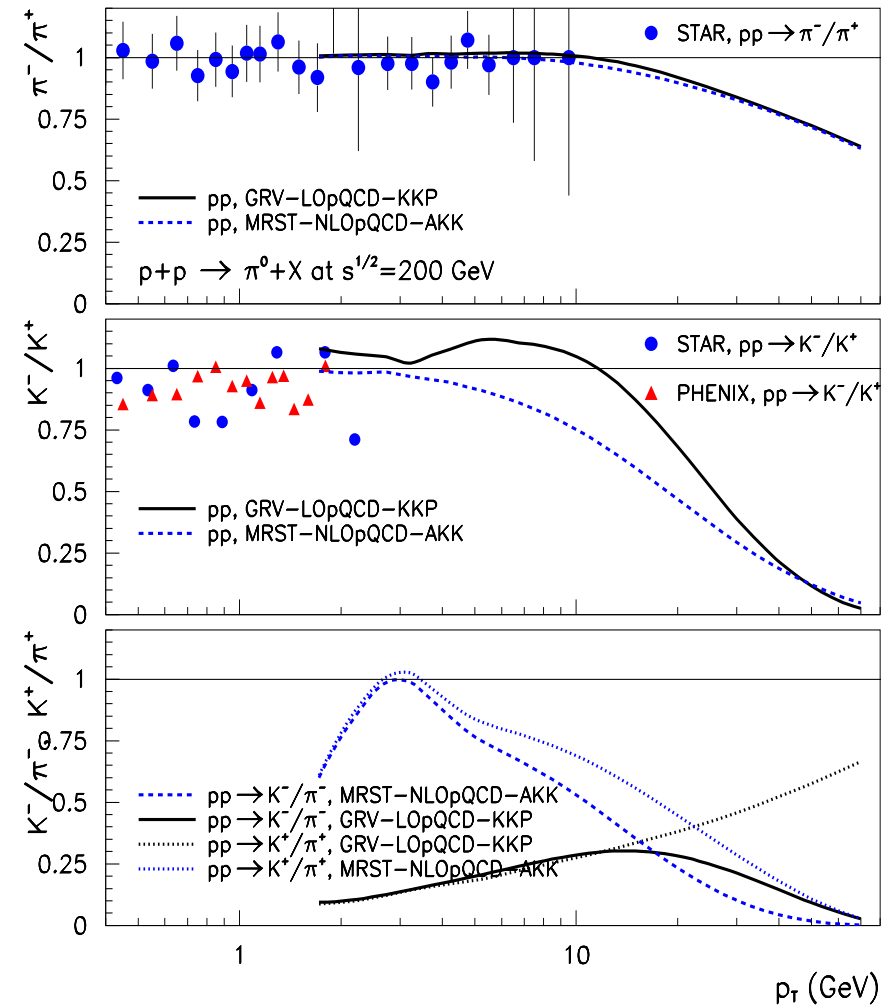
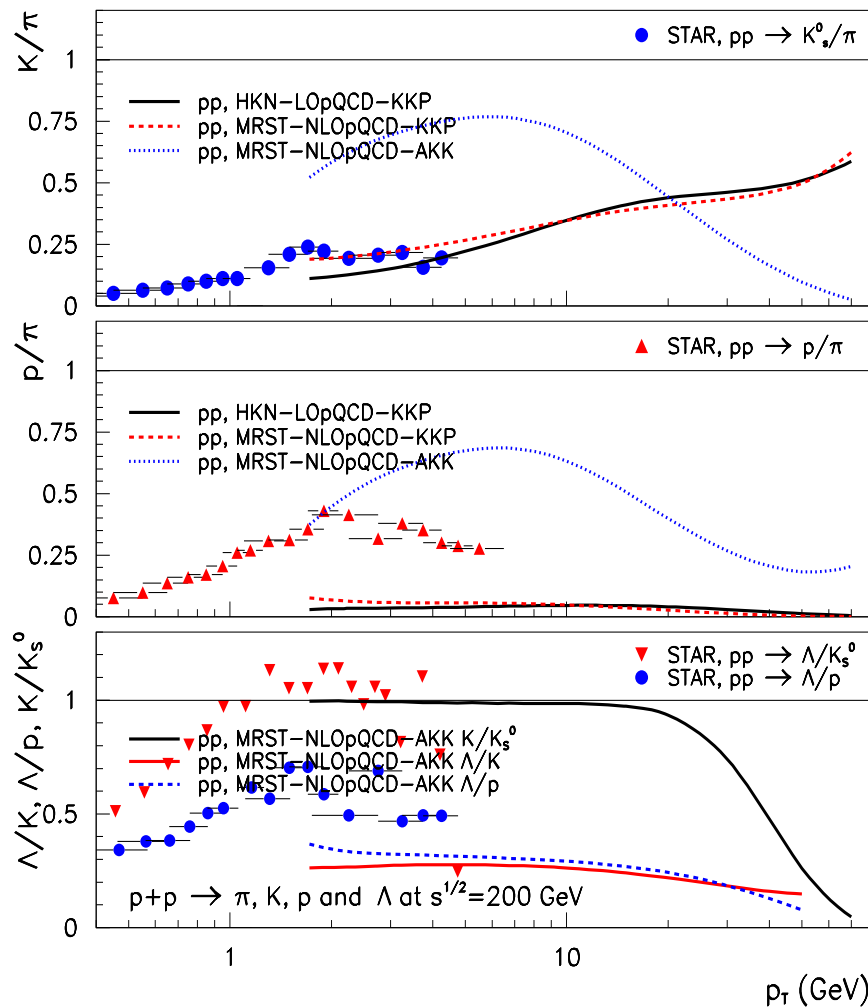


'NEW': Comparing KKP and AKK FFs



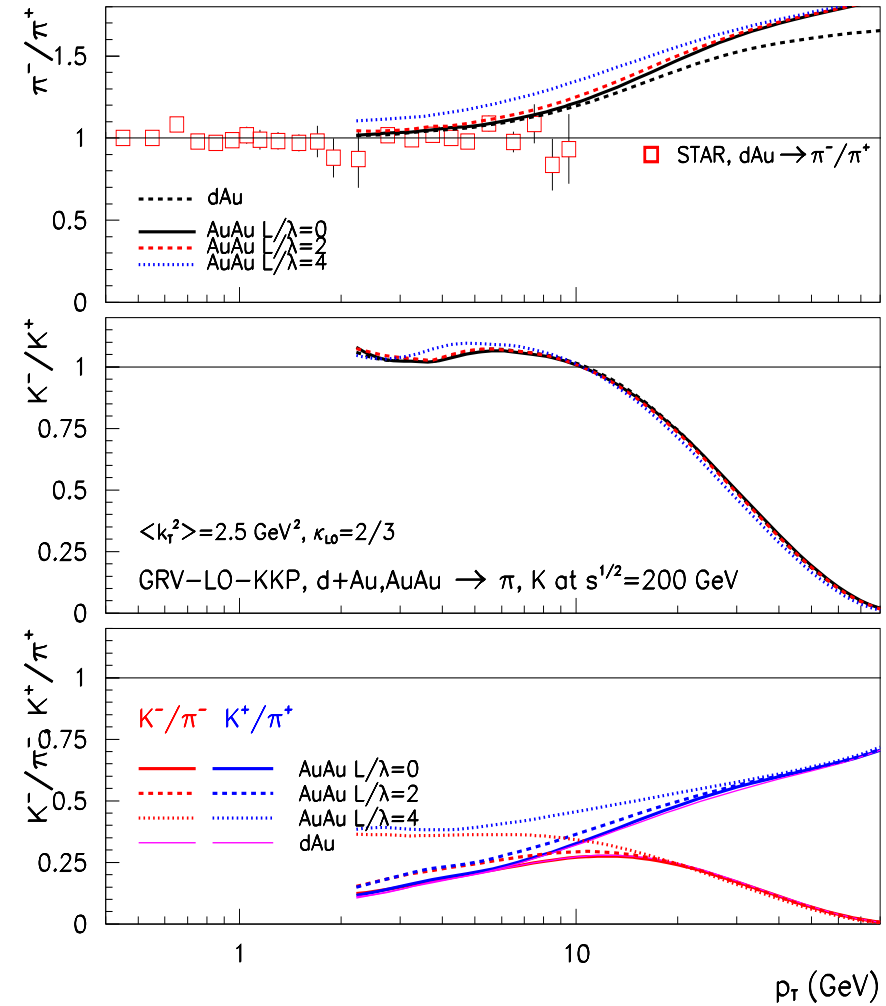
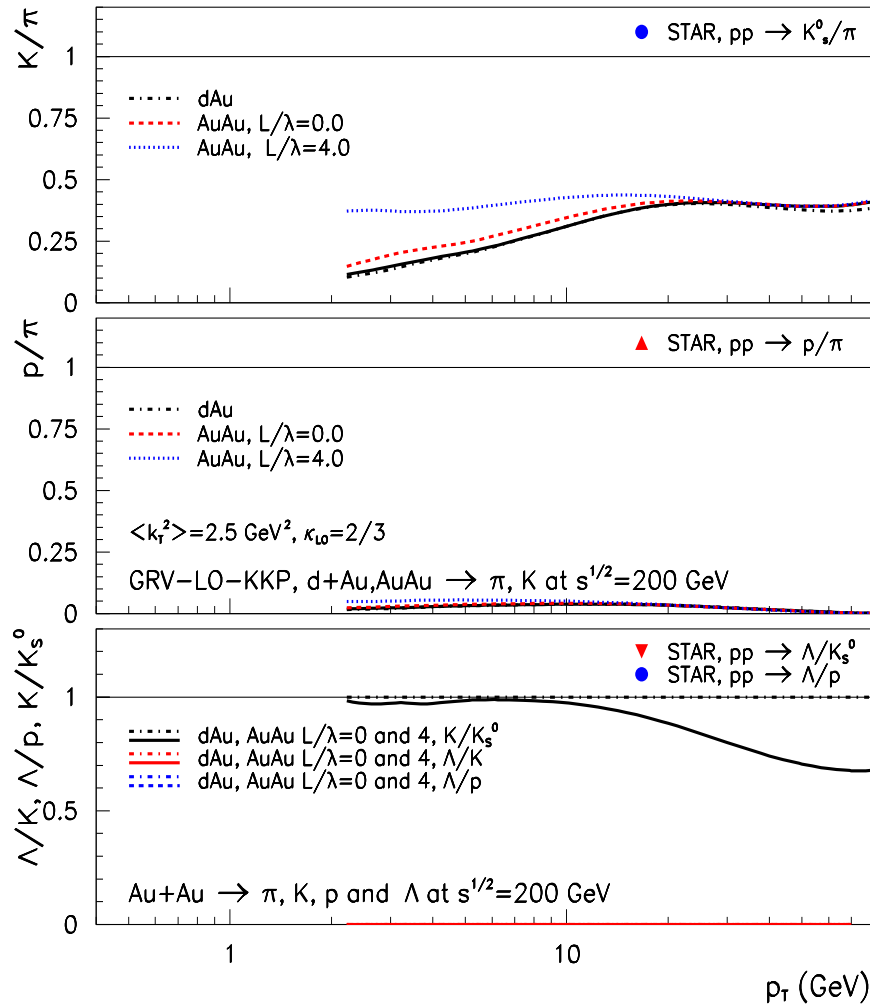
in pp , dA and AA collisions via ratios

High p_T Hadron Ratios in pp at RHIC



- LO and NLO calculations agree to each other
- AKK and KKP result differ and not only π/p

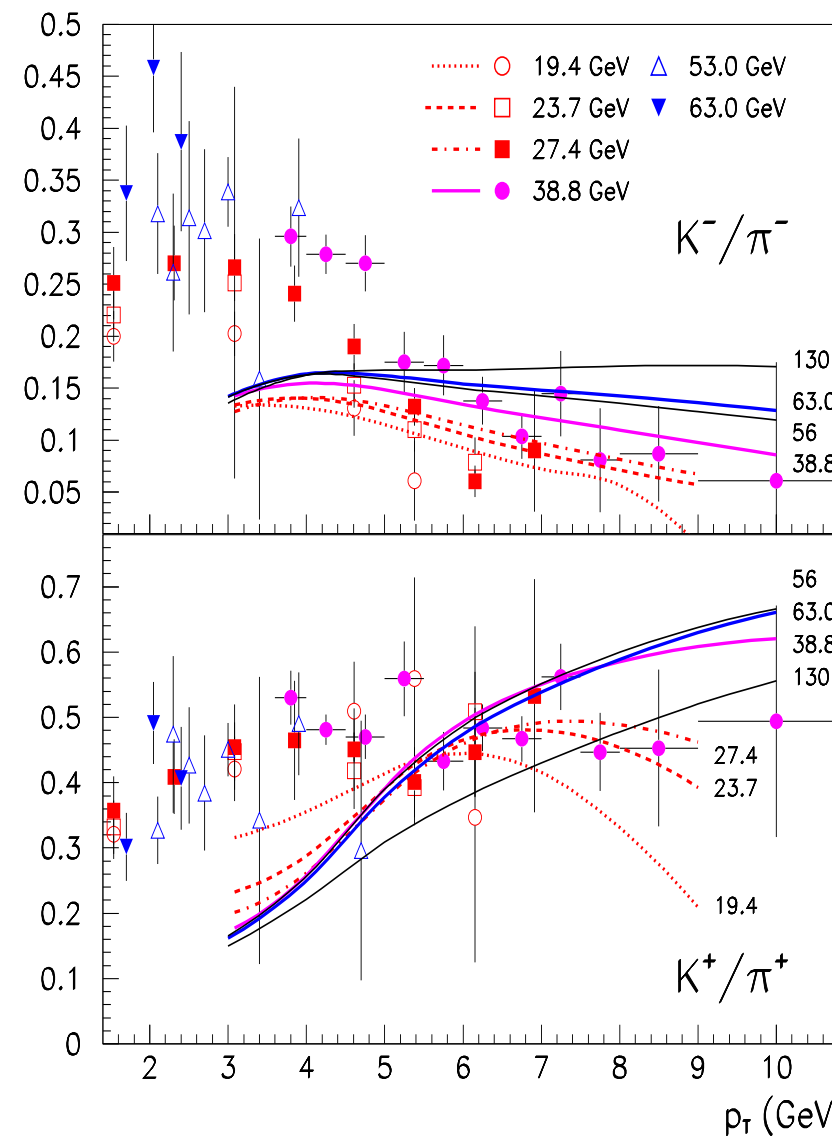
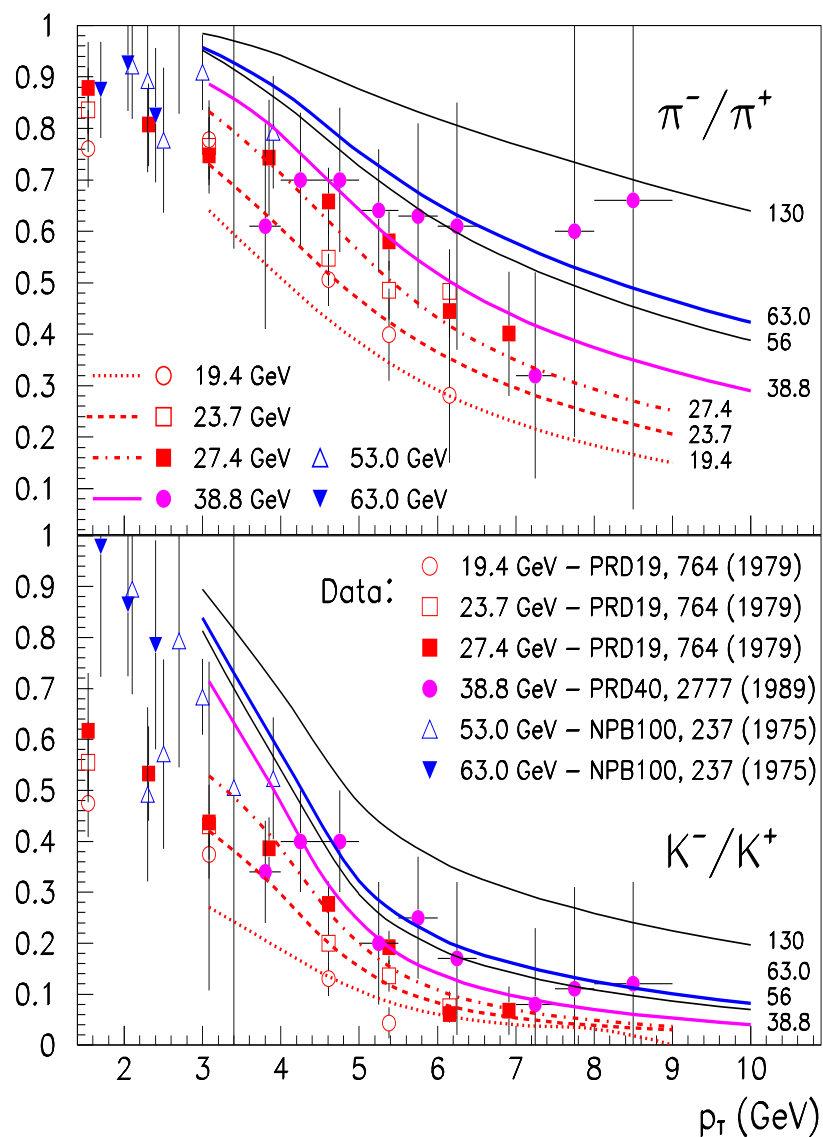
High p_T Ratios in dAu and $AuAu$ with KKP at RHIC



Applied KKP Fragmentation Function

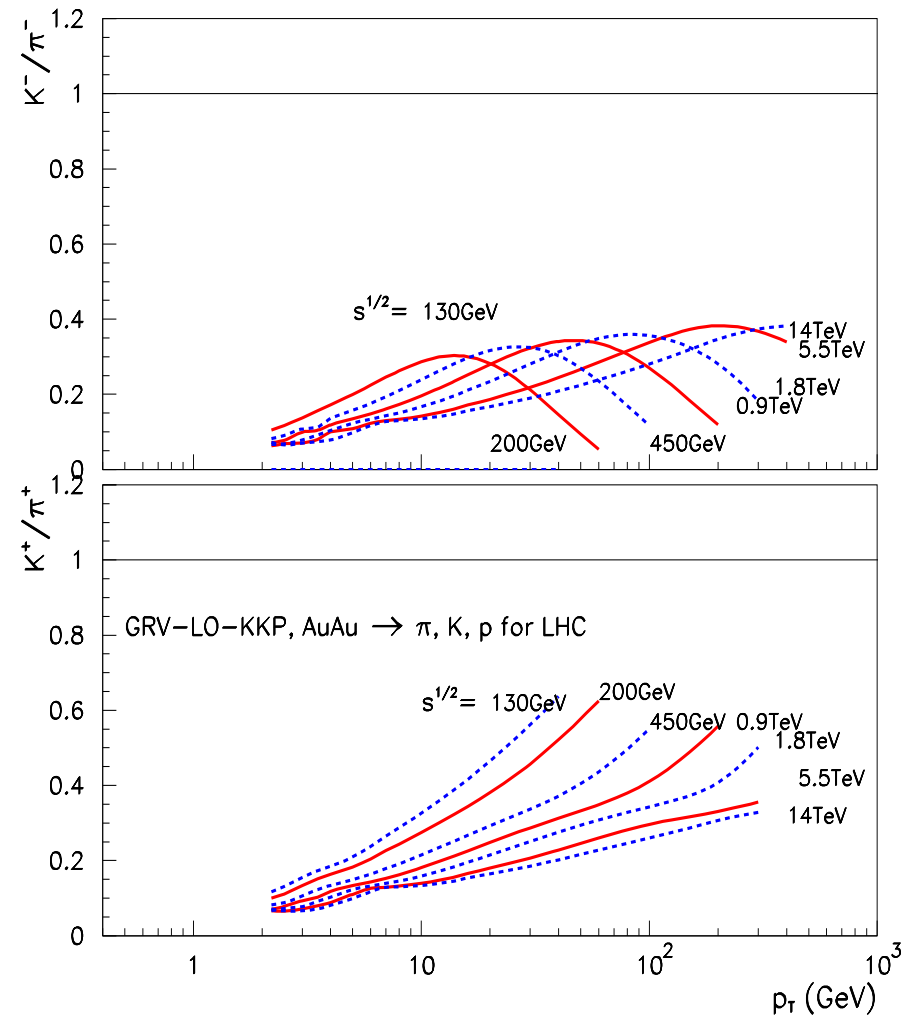
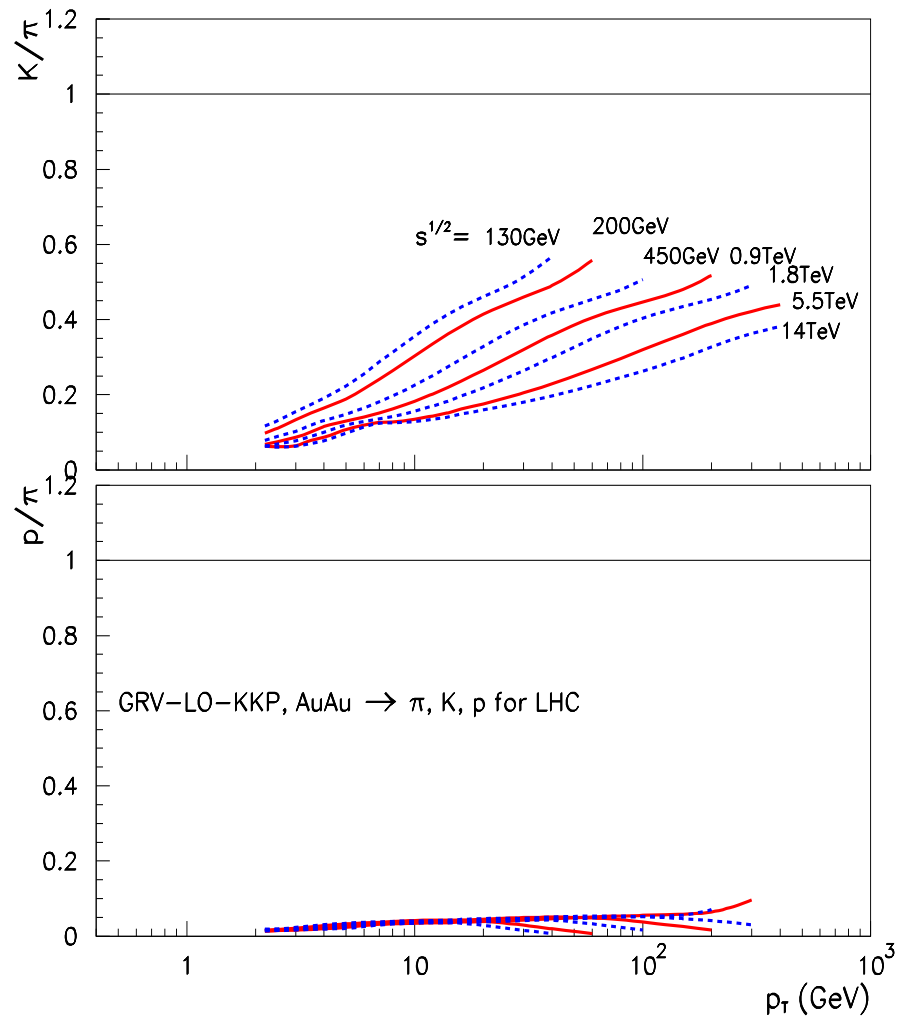
- Flavor dependence: jet-quenching is stronger for the g

Ratio calculations in pp up to RHIC energies



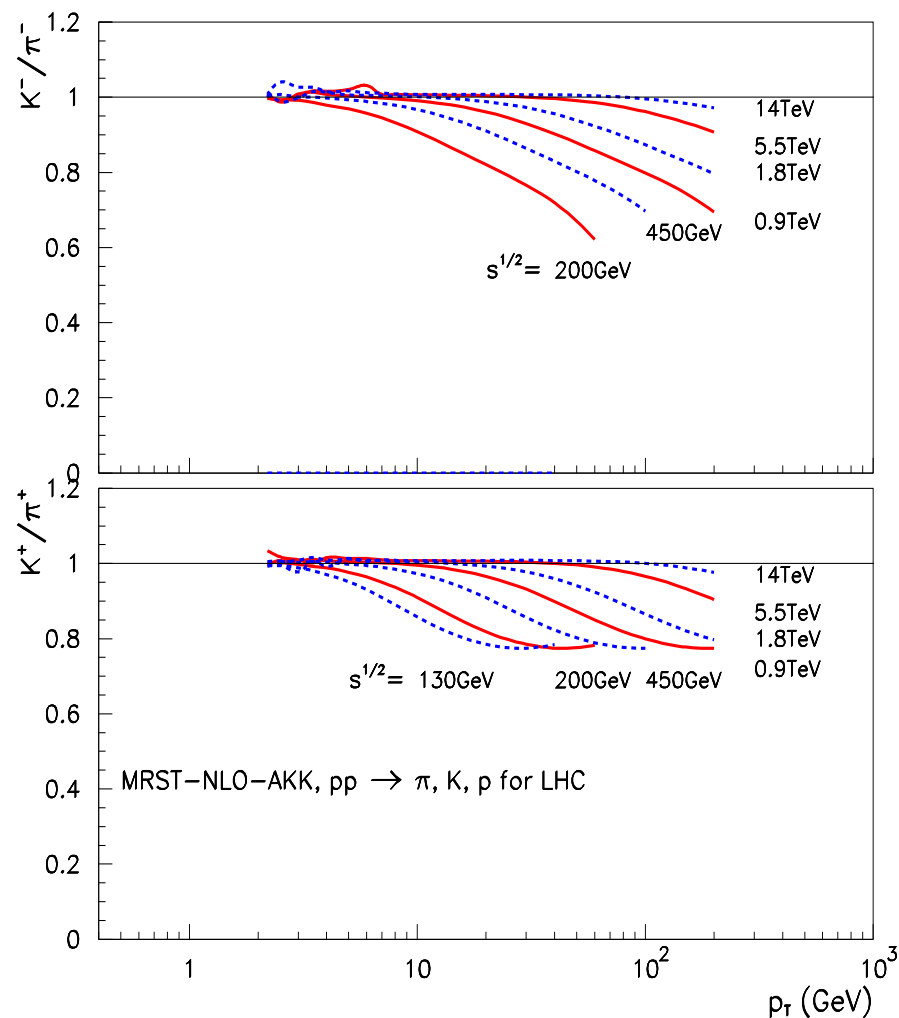
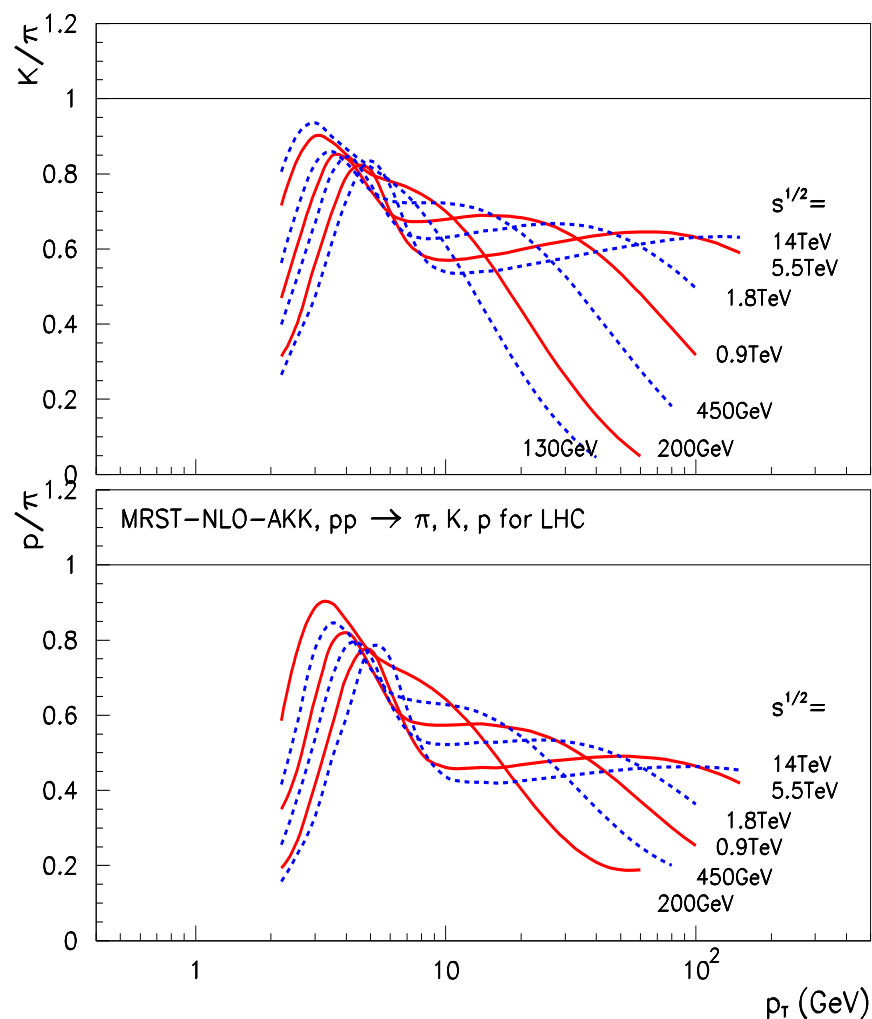
P. Levai, G. Fai, M. Gyulassy: nucl-th/0012017

Ratio calculations in pp beyond RHIC energies



Calculations with KKP – it seem not all good...

Ratio calculations in pp beyond RHIC energies



Predictions with AKK ...

SUMMARY without CONCLUSIONS

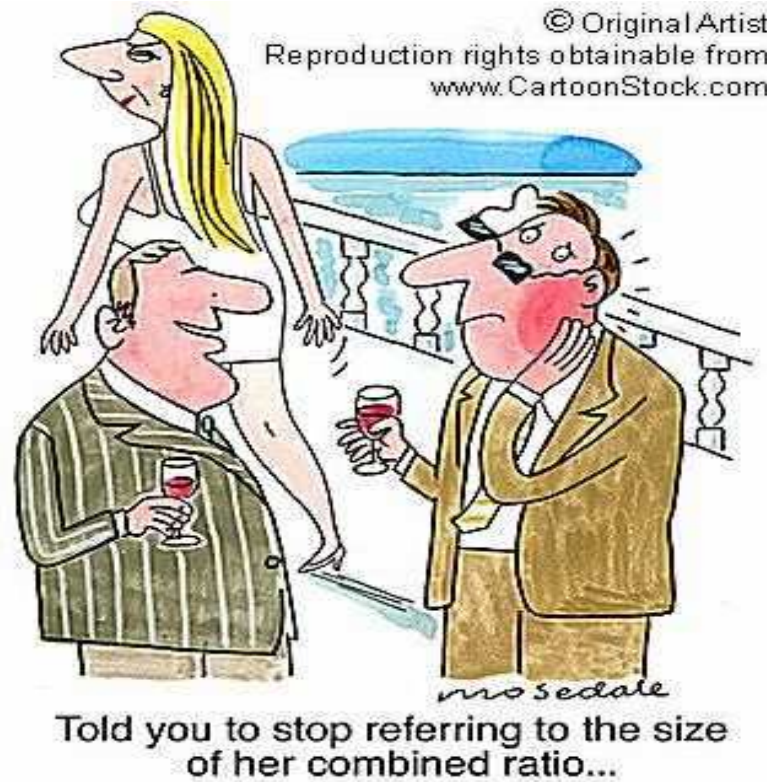
Hadron Spectra and R_{dA}

- \Rightarrow Relevance of intrinsic- k_T at low- and intermediate- p_T
- \Rightarrow Strong shadowing effect up to intermediate- p_T s
- \Rightarrow dPb may 'need' cold-quenching beyond RHIC?

Effects on Particle Ratios in pp , dA and AA

- \Rightarrow Ratios: some cases KKP and AKK disagree
- \Rightarrow Differences in jet quenching: flavor dependence?
- \Rightarrow Different $\langle k_T^2 \rangle$ for different hadrons?

Measuring ratios are important ...



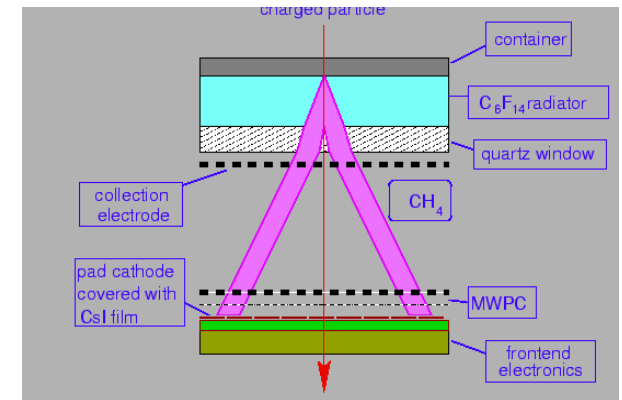
... but descriptions might be dangerous!

...and if the ALICE HMPID not enough ...

Bari, INFN, RMKI, UNAM

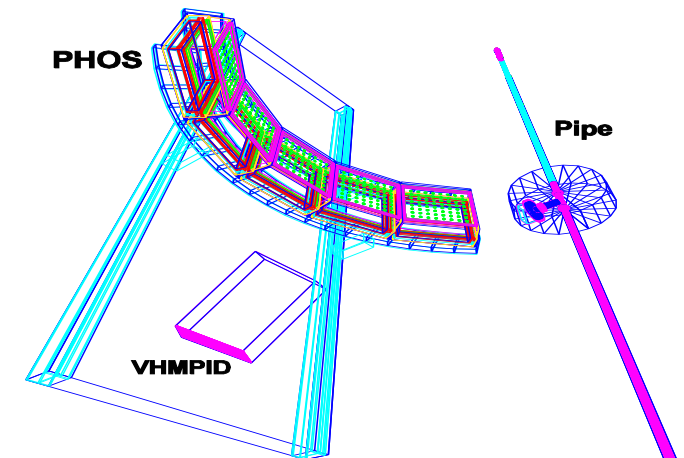
High Momentum Particle IDentification detector

- HMPID is for extend the range for the ID of π/K and K/p , on a track-by-track basis, up to 3 and 5 GeV/c respectively.



VERY HMPID (VHMPID)

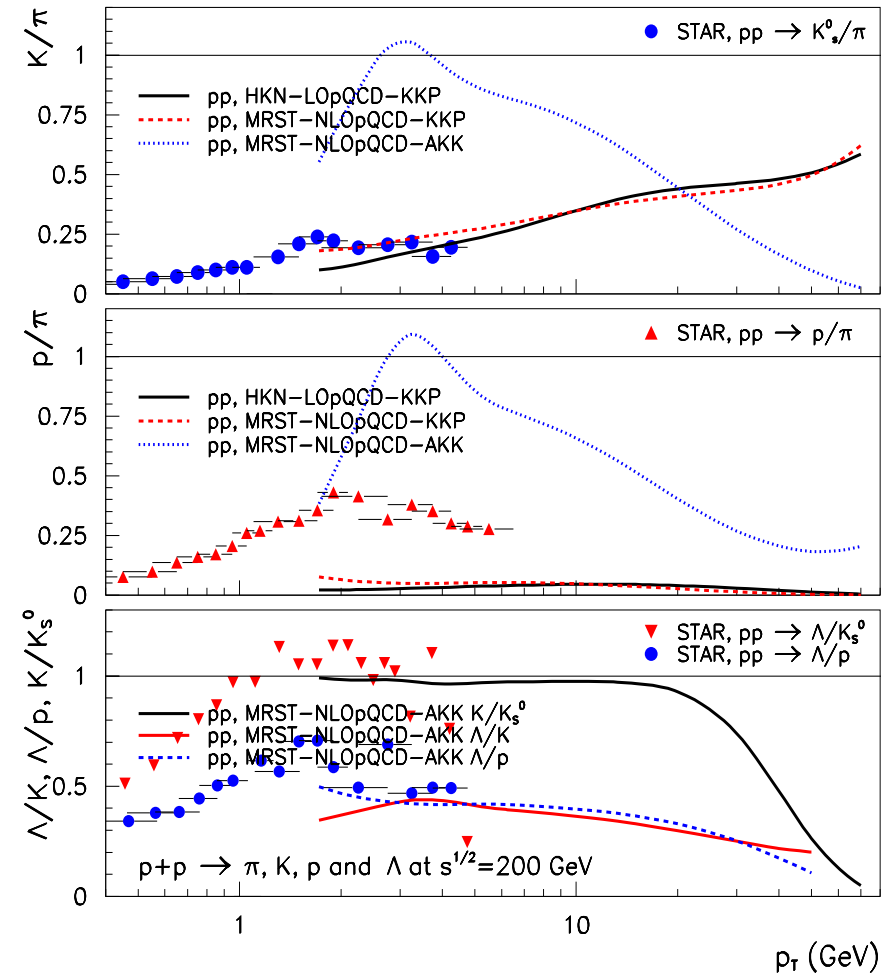
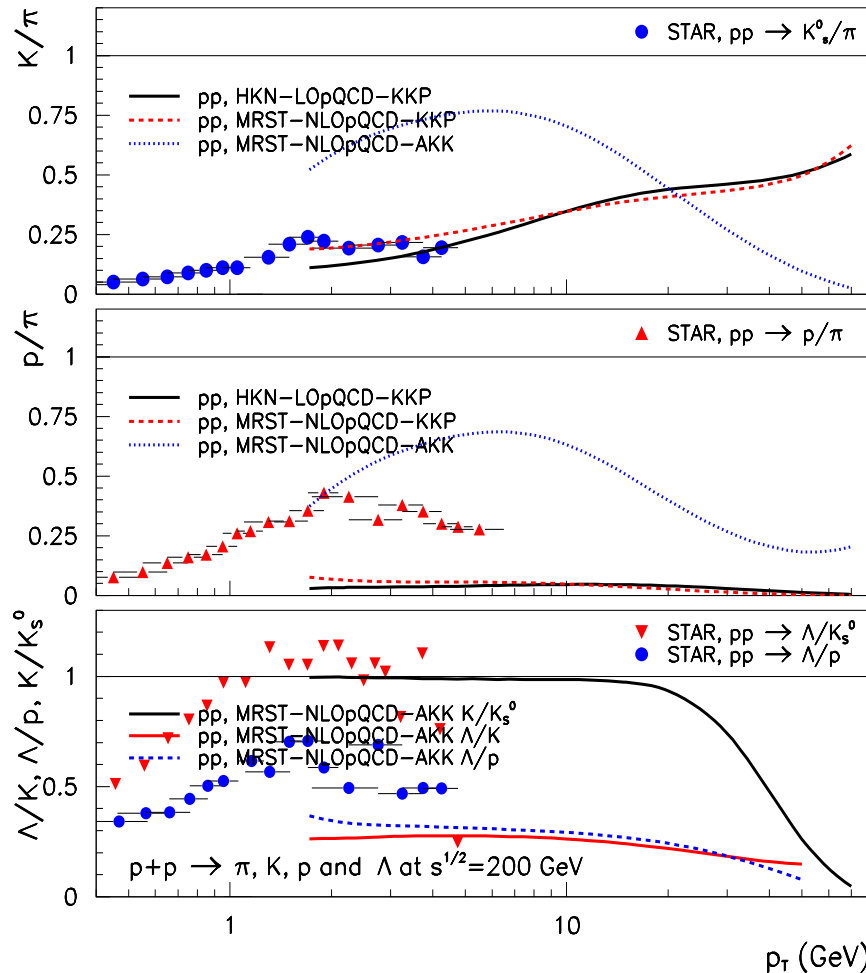
- Higher momentum particle ID and track-by-track is available up to 15 GeV/c. (G. Volpe)



Effect of intrinsic- k_T on the ratios in pp at RHIC

Left: NO intrinsic- k_T

Right: with intrinsic- k_T



- Multiscattering at parton level: only for the q contribution
- Parton level multiscattering vs. different intrinsic- k_T ?